

### **GRAY ROCK RESOURCES LTD.**

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Gray Rock Resources Ltd. (the "Company") are the responsibility of the Company's management. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and reflect management's best estimates and judgment based on information currently available.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring management fulfills its responsibilities, and reviews the results of the audit and reviews of the audited consolidated financial statements and condensed consolidated interim financial statements prior to their approval.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at September 30, 2018, and for the periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, have not been reviewed or audited by the Company's independent auditors.

"David Wolfin"

David Wolfin President & CEO November 22, 2018 "Nathan Harte"

Nathan Harte, CPA Chief Financial Officer November 22, 2018

### Gray Rock Resources Ltd. Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Note	•	otember 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	D	ecember 31, 2017
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash		\$	114,856	\$	131,207
Sales taxes receivables and other		•	2,885	Ψ	13,101
			117,741		144,308
Non-Current Assets			,		,000
Investments	3		355,996		3,920
Exploration and evaluation assets	4		303,848		303,348
Reclamation deposit	5		3,000		3,000
Website development costs			8,580		11,440
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	789,165	\$	466,016
101/12/100210		Ψ	700,100	Ψ	400,010
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Trade and other payables		\$	12,249	\$	14,754
Due to related parties	7	•	13,536	*	,
			25,785		14,754
Non-Current Liabilities					,
Promissory notes issued to related parties	7		150,988		177,457
Site restoration obligation			3,000		3,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES			179,773		195,211
EQUITY					
Share capital	6		4,297,472		4,172,472
Contributed surplus			576,092		648,092
Accumulated other comprehensive income			(268,669)		3,255
Deficit			(3,995,503)		(4,553,014)
TOTAL EQUITY			609,392		270,805
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$	789,165	\$	466,016

Note 1 – Nature of Operations and Going Concern

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 22, 2018:

"David Wolfin"	Director	"Brian Johnston"	Director

### Gray Rock Resources Ltd. Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Expressed in Canadian Dollars (Unaudited)

					nths ended tember 30,		months ended September 30,		
N	lote		2018		2017	2018		2017	
General and Administrative Expenses									
Administrative fees		\$	8,384	\$	8,968	\$ 29,629	\$	23,606	
Automobile			158	-	141	475		220	
Consulting fees			7,500		7,500	22,500		37,500	
Depreciation			953		-	2,860		-	
Foreign exchange loss (gain)			7		21	(264)		154	
Interest and bank charges			25		49	` 99		265	
Listing and filing fees			2,872		2,316	9,647		14,644	
Office and miscellaneous			1,687		2,138	6,397		10,444	
Professional fees			3,986		9,003	28,567		21,108	
Share-based compensation (recovery)			(68,800)		(14,400)	(72,000)		657,700	
Shareholder information			705		4,094	3,987		18,867	
Transfer agent fees			596		3,700	5,947		7,032	
Travel			9		5,339	49		13,486	
Operating Income (Loss)			41,918		(28,869)	(37,893)		(805,026)	
Other Items									
Interest and other income			941		-	941		-	
Fair value adjustment for promissory note									
payable			(18,730)		(4,398)	(29,537)		(21,771)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 4b,								
property	4c					624,000		-	
Net Income (Loss) For The Period			24,129		(33,267)	557,511		(826,797)	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Unrealized gain (loss) on investment									
securities	3		(238,609)		(166)	(271,924)		662	
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)		\$	(214,480)	\$	(33,433)	\$ 285,587	\$	(826,135)	
Basic and Diluted Income (Loss) per Share		\$	0.00	\$	(0.00)	\$ 0.02	\$	(0.04)	
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding		-	22,097,418		22,424,390	22,493,794		21,062,662	

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity
Expressed in Canadian Dollars (Unaudited)

	Note	Number of Common Shares	Share Capital		Contributed Accumulated Surplus Deficit		A	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		otal Equity		
Balance, January 1, 2017		16,394,961	\$	2,033,711	\$	_	¢	(1,838,526)	\$	2,644	¢	197,829
Common shares issued for cash:		10,334,301	Ψ	2,033,711	Ψ	_	Ψ	(1,030,320)	Ψ	2,044	Ψ	137,023
Private placement		1,640,500		556,200								556.200
Share-issuance costs		1,040,500		(25,897)		-		_		-		(25,897)
Compensation warrants for		-		(23,091)		-		-		-		(23,091)
private placement		_		(5,292)		5,292		_		_		_
Exercise of warrants		925,000		53,750				_		_		53,750
Common shares issued for		020,000		00,700								00,700
mineral property		4,000,000		1,560,000		_		_		_		1,560,000
Share-based compensation		-		-		657,700		_		-		657,700
Net loss for the period		_		_		-		(826,797)		_		(826,797)
Other comprehensive income for								(0=0,101)				(0=0,101)
the period '		-		-		-		-		662		662
Balance, September 30, 2017		22,960,461	\$	4,172,472	\$	662,992	\$	(2,665,323)	\$	3,306	\$	2,173,447
Balance, January 1, 2018		22,960,461	\$	4,172,472	\$	648,092	\$	(4,553,014)	\$	3,255	\$	270,805
Common shares issued for cash:												
Exercise of warrants	6(b)	2,500,000		125,000		-		-		-		125,000
Common shares returned to												
treasury	6(b)	(3,200,000)		-		-		-		-		-
Share-based recovery		-		-		(72,000)		-		-		(72,000)
Net income for the period		-		-		-		557,511		-		557,511
Other comprehensive loss for the												
period		-		-		-		-		(271,924)		(271,924)
Balance, September 30, 2018		22,260,461	\$	4,297,472	\$	576,092	\$	(3,995,503)	\$	(268,669)	\$	609,392

### Gray Rock Resources Ltd. Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows Expressed in Canadian Dollars (Unaudited)

		2018		2017
Cash used in:				
Operating Activities				
Net Income (Loss)	\$	557,511	\$	(826,797)
Items not involving cash in the period				
Cost recovery of disposition of mineral property		(624,000)		-
Depreciation		2,860		-
Fair value adjustment for promissory note payable		29,538		21,771
Share-based compensation (recovery)		(72,000)		657,700
Changes in non-cash working capital items:				
Other receivables and prepaid expenses		10,216		8,939
Trade and other payables		(2,505)		328,003
Due to related parties		13,536		36,958
		(84,844)		226,574
Financing Activities				
Issuance of common shares for cash, net		_		530,303
Exercise of warrants		125,000		53,750
Promissory notes repaid to related parties		(56,007)		(30,000)
Treminesery meter repairs to related parties		68,993		554,053
				30 1,000
Investing Activities				
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		(500)		(476,622)
Additions to website development costs		-		(6,933)
		(500)		(483,555)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash		(16,351)		297,072
Cash, Beginning of Period		131,207		51,287
		,		,
Cash, End of Period	\$	114,856	\$	348,359
Supplementary Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Interest Paid	\$	-	\$	_
Taxes Paid	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
Cinnificant Non Cook Transportions				
Significant Non-Cash Transactions:	<b></b>		<b>ው</b>	1 560 000
Issuance of common shares for mineral property	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,560,000

### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Gray Rock Resources Ltd. ("Gray Rock" or the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. It is in the exploration stage with regards to its business of exploration and development of mineral properties. The Company owns the Silver Stream mineral claims in British Columbia, Canada. The Company's head office and principal place of business is Suite 900, 570 Granville Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

Gray Rock is in the exploration stage and has not yet determined whether the property contains ore reserves which are economically recoverable. The underlying carrying value of the mineral property interest and related exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of Gray Rock's interest in the mineral claims, the ability of Gray Rock to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the sale of all or an interest in its mineral claims.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at September 30, 2018, the Company has accumulated losses of \$3,995,503. The Company has not yet generated any revenues from its operations, and requires financing through the sale of shares or issuance of debt to continue with its operations and to develop its mineral properties. Although management intends to secure additional financing, there is no assurance that management will be successful in its efforts to secure additional financing, or that it will ever develop a self-supporting business. These factors together form a material uncertainty that raises significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

### Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the most recent annual consolidated financial statements of the Company, except for the accounting policies, which have changed as a result of the adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations, which are effective January 1, 2018. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not contain all of the financial information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's December 31, 2017 annual consolidated financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

### Adoption of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15")

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the requirements of IFRS 15. IFRS 15 covers principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information to users of the financial statements about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. As the Company does not have revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer, there is no material impact to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

### Adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9")

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the requirements of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 provides a revised model for recognition and measurement of financial instruments and a single, forward-looking "expected-loss" impairment model. The Company adopted a retrospective approach, other than for hedge accounting, which is applied prospectively.

IFRS 9 did not impact the Company's classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, and there was no significant impact on the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments at the transition date. The Company had the option to designate its current equity securities as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss, and has done so.

The introduction of the new 'expected credit loss' impairment model had negligible impact on the Company, given the Company has minimal receivables, with the majority being from GST recoverable from government agencies.

The Company currently has no hedging arrangements, and will apply the new accounting requirements under IFRS 9 as required.

### Changes in accounting standards not yet effective:

The Company has not early adopted any amendment, standard or interpretation that has been issued by the IASB but is not yet effective. The following accounting standards were issued but not yet effective as of September 30, 2018:

### IFRS 16 - Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 – Leases ("IFRS 16") which replaces IAS 17 – Leases and its associated interpretative guidance, and will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted, provided the Company has adopted IFRS 15. This standard sets out a new model for lease accounting. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the final standard is expected to have on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

### **Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates**

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgements and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these judgements and estimates. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include judgements and estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such judgements and estimates are pervasive throughout the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period, in which the estimate is revised, and may affect both current and future periods.

The critical judgments and estimates applied in the preparation of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, are consistent with those applied and disclosed in Note 2 to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

### **Functional Currency**

The presentation and functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the Canadian dollar.

### **Foreign Currency Translation**

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on dates of transactions. At each financial position reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position. Non-monetary items that denominated in foreign currencies are translated at historical rates.

### **Basis of Consolidation**

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary Cortez, a company incorporated on June 21, 2006 in Nevada, USA.

Inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealized income and expenses arising from intercompany transactions, are eliminated on consolidation.

### 3. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of the following:

					Accı	ımulated		Fair Value			
	Number	Unrealiz				realized					
	of					Gains	Septe	mber 3	0,	Decem	nber 31,
	Shares		Cost			(Losses)		201	8		2017
Levon Resources Ltd.	6,400	\$	126		\$	834	9	96	0	\$	2,128
SciVac Therapeutics Inc.	332		539			497		1,03	86		1,792
Garibaldi Resources Corp	200,000		624,000		(2	270,000)		354,00	00		
		\$	624,665	\$	(:	268,669)	\$	355,99	96	\$	3,920

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company was granted 200,000 shares of Garibaldi Resources Corp ("Garibaldi"), trading under stock symbol "GGI" on the TSX-V, as part of the settlement of the agreements with DeCoors Mining ("DeCoors"). See Note 4 for further details on the settlement.

The closing price of Garibaldi on June 15, 2018, the day of the transaction approval, was \$3.12 per share, and thus a cost recovery of \$624,000 was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

The Company has elected to designate these equity securities as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss, in accordance with IFRS 9.

### 4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Silve	er Stream Claims	Surprise Lake Claims		Hot Bath Claims		al Mineral ty Claims
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$	300,506	\$	-	\$ -	\$	300,506
Acquisition costs		-	1	,623,497	4,300		1,627,797
Exploration costs incurred during t	he perio	od:					
Camp		-		-	31,920		31,920
Drilling		-		-	77,532		77,532
Geological and consulting		2,342		42,190	_		44,532
Taxes and licensing		500		-	30,000		30,500
Travel and transportation		-		-	88,960		88,960
Impairment write-down		-	(1,	665,687)	(232,712)	(1	1,898,399)
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$	303,348	\$	-	\$ -	\$	303,348
Exploration costs incurred during t	he perio	od:					
Taxes and licensing		500		-	-		500
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$	303,848	\$	-	\$ -	Ç	\$ 303,848

### a) Silver Stream Claims

The Company has a 100% interest in two mineral claims in the Lillooet mining district of British Columbia, subject to a 3% net smelter returns royalty, known as Silver Stream 1 and Silver Stream 2 claims, collectively the Silver Stream Claims.

The Company has entered into a mining lease agreement for the Silver Stream 2 property with David R. Deering ("Deering") and Saxifrage Geological Services Ltd. ("Saxifrage"). In accordance with the terms of the agreement, Deering and Saxifrage have agreed to pay the Company an annual rental of \$10,000 for a term of seven years, with the first payment due on December 12, 2015. On December 12, 2015, the parties agreed that the first annual rental payment of \$10,000 would be postponed, added to the succeeding annual rentals, and paid in equal annual installments of \$2,000 starting December 12, 2016. In addition, the Company granted Deering and Saxifrage an option to purchase the property for \$500,000 payable at any time during the term of the agreement, subject to a 5% Net Smelter Returns Royalty on metals and a 5% Gross Overriding Royalty on any jade production. Any future royalty payments due to the Company from Deering and Saxifrage after the exercise of option shall be reduced by \$500,000. On May 2, 2016, the parties further agreed that Deering and Saxifrage would perform exploration and development work of at least \$12,000 in value in lieu of the \$12,000 payment due on December 12, 2016.

In October 2017, the Company amended the existing mineral lease claim agreement for the Silver Stream I and II properties, by assigning and transferring to Marshall Creek Jade Inc. all rights, titles, interest and obligations from Saxifrage Geological Services Ltd.

Subsequent to September 30, 2018, the Company received a Termination Notice from David Deering and Marshall Creek Jade Inc. to terminate the Mineral Claims Lease Agreement, as amended and assigned, for the Silver Stream Property. The claims comprising the Silver Stream Claims are in good standing until July 29, 2021.

### b) Surprise Lake Property

In June 2018, the Company transferred the Surprise Lake and Hot Bath Properties back to DeCoors. In consideration for the transfer, DeCoors returned 3.2 million common shares of the Company for cancellation, and delivered 200.000 common shares of Garibaldi Resources Inc.

At December 31, 2017, the Company conducted a comprehensive review of the property, and made the determination not to continue with exploration work at Surprise Lake. As such, the Company has written the property off and recorded an impairment expense of \$1,665,687. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company disposed of the Surprise Lake Property.

In February 2017, the Company announced closing of a definitive agreement (the "Agreement") with DeCoors Mining ("DeCoors") to acquire the Surprise Lake Property. The Agreement covers six early-stage mineral exploration properties comprising of 82 mineral claims. As consideration, the Company issued to DeCoors four million common shares and reimbursed DeCoors \$30,000 for its location and exploration costs on the Surprise Lake Property. In addition, DeCoors will retain a 1.5% net smelter returns royalty (the "NSR") on each of the purchased properties, until the Company has paid \$2.0 million under the NSR of any property placed into commercial production. Each NSR will be subject to the Company's exclusive option to purchase all of any part of the NSR at any time at the rate of \$666,667 for every one-third of a NSR (i.e., 0.5% NSR), or \$2.0 million in the aggregate for the total NSR.

### c) Hot Bath Property

In June 2018, the Company transferred the Surprise Lake and Hot Bath Properties back to DeCoors. In consideration for the transfer, DeCoors returned 3.2 million common shares of the Company for cancellation, and delivered 200,000 common shares of Garibaldi Resources Inc.

At December 31, 2017, the Company conducted a comprehensive review of the property, and made the determination not to continue with exploration work at Hot Bath. As such, the Company has written the property off and recorded an impairment expense of \$232,712. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company disposed of the Hot Bath Property.

In August 2017, the Company announced that it had closed a binding option agreement (the "Option Agreement") with DeCoors to acquire the Hot Bath Property, located near Dease Lake, British Columbia, comprising eleven mineral claims covering a total area of 3,634 hectares.

The Option Agreement allows the Company may make three option payments to DeCoors by the issuance of common shares of Gray Rock in three installments up to a total of 1,500,000 shares over three years. The first 150,000 of the 1,500,000 shares should be issued on or before the first anniversary of the Approval Date (being August 3, 2018). The next 450,000 shares should be issued on or before the second anniversary of the Approval Date, and the balance of 900,000 shares should be issued on or before the third anniversary of the Approval Date. DeCoors will retain a 1.5% net smelter return royalty (the "NSR") from commercial production. The Company may elect to reduce DeCoors' NSR to only 0.5% at any time prior to the commencement of commercial production, upon the payment of \$1,000,000 to DeCoors.

### 5. RECLAMATION DEPOSIT

As at September 30, 2018, and December 31, 2017, the Company has hypothecated a term deposit in the amount of \$3,000 as security to the Province of British Columbia for future mineral claims site reclamation costs.

### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

- (a) Authorized: Unlimited common shares without par value.
- (b) Issued during 2018 and 2017:

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company issued 2,500,000 common shares upon the exercise of 2,500,000 share purchase warrants for gross proceeds of \$125,000.

In June 2018, the Company had 3,200,000 common shares returned to treasury for cancellation, subsequent to the settlement and return of the Surprise Lake and Hot Bath Properties to DeCoors Mining ("DeCoors").

In September 2017, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 640,500 units at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$256,200. Each unit consists of one common share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will entitle the investor to purchase one additional common share at \$0.60 for a term of one year expiring on September 15, 2018.

In February 2017, the Company issued 4,000,000 common shares valued at \$1,560,000 as part of the consideration to DeCoors for the acquisition of the Surprise Lake Property.

In February 2017, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,000,000 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for gross proceeds of \$300,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will entitle the investor to purchase one additional common share at \$0.50 for a term of one year expiring on February 15, 2018.

### (c) Share purchase warrants

At September 30, 2018, the Company had 1,725,250 (December 31, 2017 - 4,250,450) share purchase warrants outstanding and exercisable.

		Weighted
	Number of	Average
	Warrants	Exercise Price
Outstanding and exercisable, December 31, 2017	4,250,450	\$0.16
Cancelled	(25,200)	\$0.60
Exercised	(2,500,000)	\$0.05
Outstanding and exercisable, September 30, 2018	1,725,250	\$0.31

At September 30, 2018, weighted average remaining contractual life of warrants outstanding was 1.75 years (2017 - 0.74 years).

The following table summarizes information about the Company's warrants outstanding at September 30, 2018:

		Warrants Outstanding
Expiry Date	Exercise Price	and Exercisable
February 15, 2020	\$0.50	500,000
August 15, 2020	\$0.10	905,000
September 15, 2020	\$0.60	320,250
		1,725,250

### (c) Stock option plan

The Company established a stock option plan, under which it may grant stock options totalling in aggregate up to 10% of the Company's total number of shares issued and outstanding on a non-diluted basis, and to any one optionee in a 12 month period not to exceed 5% of the total number of shares issued and outstanding on a non-diluted basis. The stock option plan limits the options issuable within a one year period to regular employees and persons providing investor-relation or consulting services to 5% and 2% respectively of the Company's total number of issued and outstanding shares on a non-diluted basis on the date of grant.

The stock options are fully vested on the date of grant. The option price must be greater or equal to the discounted market price on the grant date, and the option expiry date cannot exceed five years after the grant date.

Continuity of stock options for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding and exercisable, January 1, 2017	-	
Granted	1,985,000	\$0.40
Forfeited	(45,000)	\$0.39
Outstanding and exercisable, December 31, 2017	1,940,000	\$0.40
Forfeited	(225,000)	\$0.39
Outstanding and exercisable, September 30, 2018	1,715,000	\$0.40

As at December 31, 2016, no stock options were outstanding. The Company's first stock option grant was in February 2017.

Details of stock options outstanding and exercisable are as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Options Outstanding and Exercisable
May 19, 2019	\$0.39	50,000
June 26, 2019	\$0.44	70,000
February 23, 2022	\$0.39	1,195,000
June 23, 2022	\$0.44	400,000
		1,715,000

As at September 30, 2018, the weighted average remaining contractual life of stock options outstanding was 3.29 years (December 31, 2017 - 4.05 years).

Option pricing requires the use of highly subjective estimates and assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. The expected volatility used in valuing stock options is based on volatility observed in historical periods. Changes in the underlying assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates.

### 7. RELATED PARTY BALANCES, TRANSACTIONS, AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

### (a) Key management compensation

The Company has identified its directors and certain senior officers as its key management personnel. The compensation costs for key management personnel for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

		Thre		nths ended tember 30,		Nin	Nine months ended September 30,			
		2018	•	2017		2018		2017		
Salaries, benefits, and consulting fees	Ф	9.723	Ф	9.642	\$	29.170	ф	26.424		
Share-based payments (recovery)	Ψ	(64,000)	Ψ	9,042	Ψ	(64,000)	Ψ	488,000		
	\$	(54,277)	\$	9,642	\$	(34,830)	\$	514,424		

### (b) Amounts due to related parties

In the normal course of operations the Company transacts with companies related to Avino's directors or officers. All amounts payable are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at September 30, 2018, and December 31, 2017, the following amounts were due to related parties:

	September 30,		December 31,	
		2018		2017
Oniva International Services Corp.	\$	10,911	\$	-
Intermark Capital Corp.		2,625		-
	\$	13,536	\$	-

### (c) Promissory notes issued to related parties

_	Intermark Ca	pital Corp.	Oniva			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Beginning balance	\$ 12,888	\$ 21,042	\$ 164,569	\$ 138,175		
Borrowing	-	18,375	-	37,631		
Repayment of the note	(18,375)	(30,000)	(37,632)	-		
Loss on repayment of the note	-	8,327	· -	-		
Unwinding of the discount	5,487	631	24,050	17,613		
Fair market value adjustment	-	(5,487)	-	(28,850)		
Ending balance	\$ -	\$ 12,888	\$ 150,988	\$ 164,569		

During the period ended September 30, 2018, a repayment of the promissory notes in the amount of \$37,632 was made to Oniva International Services Corp. ("Oniva"). As at September 30, 2018, \$197,005 (2017 - \$234,637) was due to Oniva in the form of promissory notes payable. The Company receives rent, office and administrative supplies, and services from Oniva, a private company related by common management.

At December 31, 2017, the Company and Oniva agreed to convert the current portion due to Oniva of \$37,632, along with the existing \$197,005, to a long-term promissory note payable of \$234,637 that is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand after December 31, 2020.

The fair value of the promissory note at September 30, 2018, was \$150,988 (2017 - \$164,569). The Company's calculations were performed using an interest rate of 12%, compounding quarterly over the three year period. The initial fair value adjustment of \$28,580 was recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive income or loss during the year ended December 31, 2017. The Company further recorded expenses of \$24,050 related to the quarterly unwinding of the discount during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 (2017 - \$17,613).

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company entered into a loan agreement with one of its directors. The Company and the director agreed to convert the current portion due to the director of \$18,375 to a long-term promissory note payable. The note payable is non-interest bearing, unsecured and is due on demand after December 31, 2020.

During the period ended September 30, 2018, a repayment of the promissory notes in the amount of \$18,375 was made to the director. The fair value of the promissory note at September 30, 2018, was \$Nil. The Company's calculations were performed using an interest rate of 12%, compounding quarterly over the period. The initial fair value adjustment of \$5,487 was recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive income or loss during the year ended December 31, 2017. The Company further recorded expenses of \$5,487 related to the quarterly unwinding of the discount during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 (2017 - \$631).

### (d) Related party transactions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, \$37,608 (2017 - \$51,589) was charged for office, occupancy, miscellaneous costs and salaries, and administrative services paid on behalf of the Company by Oniva. Further, the Company paid \$953 of administrative fees (2017 - \$1,302) to Oniva and \$500 (2017 - \$500) for reimbursement of mineral claim taxes, license fees, and staking.

The Company takes part in a cost-sharing arrangement to reimburse Oniva for a variable percentage of its overhead expenses, to reimburse 100% of its out-of-pocket expenses incurred on behalf of the Company, and to pay a percentage fee based on the total overhead and corporate expenses. The arrangement may be terminated with one-month notice by either party.

### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair values of the Company's cash, loan from a related party, trade and other payables, and amounts due to related party approximate their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of the Company's available for sale investments is detailed in Note 3.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks comprising credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

### (a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's cash is exposed to credit risk. The Company manages credit risk, in respect of cash, by maintaining the majority of cash at high credit rated Canadian financial institutions.

Concentration of credit risk exists with respect to the Company's cash, as the majority of the amounts are held with a single Canadian financial institution.

### (b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required by operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company had cash in the amount of \$114,856 (December 31, 2017 - \$131,207) in order to meet short-term business requirements. At September 30, 2018, the Company had current liabilities of \$25,785 (December 31, 2017 - \$14,754). Accounts payable have contractual maturities of approximately 30 to 90 days, or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.

The maturity profiles of the Company's contractual obligations and commitments as at September 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Less Than				More Than		
		Total		1 Year	1-5 years	5 `	Years
Accounts payable and accrued					-		
liabilities	\$	12,249	\$	12,249	\$ -	\$	-
Due to related parties		164,524		13,536	150,988		-
Total	\$	176,773	\$	25,785	\$ 150,988	\$	-

### (c) Market Risk

Market risk consists of interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, and other price risk. These are discussed further below.

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk consists of two components:

- (i) To the extent that payments made or received on the Company's monetary assets and liabilities are affected by changes in the prevailing market interest rates, the Company is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk.
- (ii) To the extent that changes in prevailing market rates differ from the interest rate in the Company's monetary assets and liabilities, the Company is exposed to interest rate price risk.

The Company's cash is currently held in highly liquid short-term investments and therefore management considers the interest rate risk to be minimal.

### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent that monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in foreign currency.

At this time, the Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk, as the company currently has minimal transactions and balances in currencies other than the Canadian dollars.

### Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

The Company is exposed to other price risk with respect to its investment in marketable securities, as they are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices.

### (d) Classification of Financial instruments

IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as at September 30, 2018:

	Level 1	L	evel 2	I	_evel 3
Cash	\$ 114,856	\$	-	\$	-
Investments	355,996		-		-
	\$ 470,852	\$	-	\$	-

### 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2018, the Company received a Termination Notice from David Deering and Marshall Creek Jade Inc. to terminate the Mineral Claims Lease Agreement dated December 12, 2014, as amended and assigned, for the Silver Stream Property.